

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office. Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PO. Box 1450 Alexandria, Vrignia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/772,880	01/31/2001	Marc John Payne	01435.0106	2061
22852	7590 08/01/2003			
FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER LLP 1300 I STREET, NW			EXAMINER	
			LAVILLA, MICHAEL E	
WASHINGTON, DC 20005			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		•	1775	<
			DATE MAILED: 08/01/2003)

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

,		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		09/772,880	PAYNE, MARC JOHN			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Michael La Villa	1775			
Period fo	Th MAILING DATE of this communication app r Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address			
THE N - Exten after S - If the - If NO - Failur - Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL'MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply y within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH , cause the application to become ABAN	y be timely filed 30) days will be considered timely. IS from the mailing date of this communication. IDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·				
2a) <u></u>	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	is action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
4) 🖾	Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application).				
'	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) 🗌	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Application	on Papers					
9) 🗌 7	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10) 🔲 7	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accept	oted or b)□ objected to by the	Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	** '	• • •			
11)□ 1	The proposed drawing correction filed on		approved by the Examiner.			
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	•				
	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.				
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13)⊠	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigr	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	l19(a)-(d) or (f).			
a)[2	☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received in App	olication No			
	 Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bure the attached detailed Office action for a list 	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
(cknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	·				
a)	☐ The translation of the foreign language procedure. Cknowledgment is made of a claim for domestign.	visional application has bee	n received.			
Attachment			-			
2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Info	mmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
U.S. Patent and Tra PTO-326 (Rev		tion Summary	Part of Paper No. 5			

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
- 2. The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- I. Regarding Claim 1, lines 8 and 10, it is unclear what is meant by the phrase "selected from." It is unclear whether applicant intends to invoke Markush group language by this phrase. It is unclear what is the appropriate conjunction that concludes the second "selected from" clause.
- II. Regarding Claim 6, it is unclear what is meant by the phrase "preferably isobutene, butane, pentane" Are the listed compounds only examples or is the claim limited to these compounds?
- III. Regarding Claim 8, it is unclear what is meant by the phrases "preferably from" and "most preferably from." It is unclear what is the ratio of aluminum to transition metal atom to which the claim is limited.
- IV. Regarding Claim 9, it is unclear what is meant by the phrase "said two or more can be linked to form one or more cyclic substituents." It is unclear how R1 to R4, R6 and R19 to R28 can be defined as being hydrocarbyl, etc. if they are cyclic substituents. Where would R1 end and R19 begin, for example. It would appear that the formulae of Claim 1 preclude cyclic substituents since the molecular

Application/Control Number: 09/772,880 Page 3

Art Unit: 1775

formulae do not contain interbonding between these individual substituents.

Furthermore, it is unclear whether or not the claim demands cyclic substituents on the occasion that the conditions for R1 to R4, etc. are satisfied.

V. Regarding Claim 3, it is unclear what is meant by the phrase "known amount of water." It is unclear what is meant other than the requirement that the contact with water is to result in a support as described in Claim 1 as having 1 to 10 weight percent water.

Claim Objections

- 4. Claims 1 and 4-8 are objected to because of the following informalities: The word "aluminum" as a stand alone word or as part of the name of other compounds is misspelled. Appropriate correction is required.
- 5. Claim 9 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form. The claimed interbonding that would be necessary to give rise to cyclic substituents would render these molecular species outside the scope of the molecular formulae of Claim 1 and hence not further limiting of Claim 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be

Application/Control Number: 09/772,880

Art Unit: 1775

patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 7. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 8. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kimberley et al. WO 99/46303 in view of Chang EPA 0 323 716. Kimberley et al. exemplifies contacting the claimed catalyst materials of formula I to an alumoxane-containing support material, wherein the alumoxane-containing support material is formed by impregnating the support material with already formed alumoxane materials. See Kimberley et al. (Abstract; page 3, line 25 through page 7, line 33; page 8, lines 5-20; page 10, lines 10-23; and Examples). Kimberley et al. teaches that the cocatalyst alumoxane containing support material may be formed in situ. However, Kimberley et al. does not exemplify that the alumoxane-containing silica support material is to be formed by contacting trialkylaluminum compounds with hydrated support material, whereby the alumoxane compounds are to be formed by reaction between water and the trialkyaluminum compound. Chang teaches, in the context of metallocene catalyzed reactions, that an alumoxane-containing support material may be

Application/Control Number: 09/772,880

Art Unit: 1775

formed in situ by contacting hydrated silica support materials with trialkylaluminum compounds, following which the catalyst metallocene may be added. See Chang (Abstract; page 2, lines 3-8; page 3, lines 29-44; page 4, lines 5-17; page 5, line 26 through page 6, line 6; and Examples 1 and 2). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to form the claimed alumoxane-containing support material by the step of reacting hydrated support material with trialkyaluminum in the process of Kimberley, as Kimberley teaches that in situ formation is effective and as Chang teaches that this method is an effective in situ method of making alumoxanecontaining support material prior to adding a transition metal catalyst. Kimberley exemplifies the claimed ratio of aluminum to transition metal of 1000:1 and 100:1.

Page 5

Conclusion

- 9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael La Villa whose telephone number is (703) 308-4428. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.
- If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Deborah Jones can be reached on (703) 308-3822. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications.

Art Unit: 1775

11. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

Wille

Michael La Villa July 28, 2003